

Company registration number SC284954 (Scotland)

THE CAMANACHD ASSOCIATION
ANNUAL REPORT AND UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

THE CAMANACHD ASSOCIATION

COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors	R W McCuish B M Morrison J Macritchie G MacDiarmid W MacDonald A Mackinnon K Thain W Martin	(Appointed 29 January 2025)
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Company number	SC284954
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Registered office	10 Ardross Street Inverness United Kingdom IV3 5NS
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Accountants	Azets 10 Ardross Street Inverness United Kingdom IV3 5NS
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THE CAMANACHD ASSOCIATION

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THE CAMANACHD ASSOCIATION

DIRECTORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

The directors present their annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company continued to be that of sports activities.

Directors

The directors who held office during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were as follows:

L Bradley	(Resigned 29 November 2024)
R W McCuish	
B M Morrison	
J Macritchie	
A D Clark	(Resigned 29 November 2024)
G MacDiarmid	
W MacDonald	
A Mackinnon	
K Thain	
W Martin	(Appointed 29 January 2025)

Small companies exemption

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption.

On behalf of the board

Burton M. Morrison
Burton M. Morrison (Sep 29, 2025 10:34:16 GMT+1)

B M Morrison
Director

Date: Sep 29, 2025
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THE CAMANACHD ASSOCIATION

ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS ON THE PREPARATION OF THE UNAUDITED STATUTORY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE CAMANACHD ASSOCIATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of The Camanachd Association for the year ended 31 December 2024 which comprise the statement of income and retained earnings, the statement of financial position and the related notes from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

This report is made solely to the board of directors of The Camanachd Association, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter dated 7 May 2024. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of The Camanachd Association and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the board of directors of The Camanachd Association, as a body, in this report in accordance with ICAEW Technical Release 07/16 AAF. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than The Camanachd Association and its board of directors as a body, for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that The Camanachd Association has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and deficit of The Camanachd Association. You consider that The Camanachd Association is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of The Camanachd Association. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.

Azets

Azets (Sep 29, 2025 10:45:26 GMT+1)

Azets

Sep 29, 2025

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10 Ardross Street
Inverness
United Kingdom
IV3 5NS

THE CAMANACHD ASSOCIATION

STATEMENT OF INCOME AND RETAINED EARNINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

	Notes	2024 £	2023 £
Income		714,974	682,204
Cost of sales		(316,106)	(250,741)
Gross surplus		398,868	431,463
Administrative expenses		(423,995)	(398,624)
(Deficit)/surplus before taxation		(25,127)	32,839
Tax on (deficit)/surplus	3	(11,339)	(8,104)
(Deficit)/surplus for the financial year		(36,466)	24,735
Retained earnings brought forward		264,732	239,997
Retained earnings carried forward		228,266	264,732

The income and expenditure account has been prepared on the basis that all operations are continuing operations.

THE CAMANACHD ASSOCIATION

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2024

	Notes	2024 £	£	2023 £	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	4		28,613		10,977
Current assets					
Stocks		966		5,409	
Debtors	5	61,256		74,426	
Cash at bank and in hand		331,229		287,631	
		393,451		367,466	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(186,837)		(111,164)	
Net current assets			206,614		256,302
Total assets less current liabilities			235,227		267,279
Provisions for liabilities			(6,961)		(2,547)
Net assets			228,266		264,732
Reserves					
Income and expenditure account			228,266		264,732
Members' funds			228,266		264,732

For the financial year ended 31 December 2024 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on Sep 29, 2025 and are signed on its behalf by:

Burton M. Morrison
Burton M. Morrison (Sep 29, 2025 10:34:16 GMT+1)

B M Morrison
Director

Company Registration No. SC284954

THE CAMANACHD ASSOCIATION

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

1 Accounting policies

Company information

The Camanachd Association is a private company limited by guarantee incorporated in Scotland. The registered office is 10 Ardross Street, Inverness, United Kingdom, IV3 5NS.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Going concern

At the time of approving the financial statements, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

1.3 Income and expenditure

Income and expenses are included in the financial statements as they become receivable or due.

Expenses include VAT where applicable as the company cannot reclaim it.

1.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Plant and equipment	Between 4% and 10% on cost
Fixtures and fittings	25% on reducing balance
Computers	25% on reducing balance
Shinty equipment	5% on cost

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to surplus or deficit.

1.5 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

THE CAMANACHD ASSOCIATION

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in surplus or deficit, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

Recognised impairment losses are reversed if, and only if, the reasons for the impairment loss have ceased to apply. Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in surplus or deficit, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

1.6 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

Stocks held for distribution at no or nominal consideration are measured at the lower of cost and replacement cost, adjusted where applicable for any loss of service potential.

At each reporting date, an assessment is made for impairment. Any excess of the carrying amount of stocks over its estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell is recognised as an impairment loss in profit or loss. Reversals of impairment losses are also recognised in profit or loss.

1.7 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.8 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's statement of financial position when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

THE CAMANACHD ASSOCIATION

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

1.9 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current Tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the income statement because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deferred Tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the income statement, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

1.10 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

THE CAMANACHD ASSOCIATION

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.11 Retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme for all qualifying employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

1.12 Foreign exchange

Transactions in currencies other than pounds sterling are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At each reporting end date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the reporting end date. Gains and losses arising on translation in the period are included in profit or loss.

1.13 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment.

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (excluding directors) employed by the company during the year was:

	2024 Number	2023 Number
Total	9	10

3 Taxation

	2024 £	2023 £
Current tax		
UK corporation tax on profits for the current period	6,925	6,824
Deferred tax		
Origination and reversal of timing differences	4,414	1,280
Total tax charge	11,339	8,104

Factors affecting tax charge for the year

The tax charge for the year has been calculated on the taxable profits at the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK.

THE CAMANACHD ASSOCIATION

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

4 Tangible fixed assets

	Plant and equipment £	Fixtures and fittings £	Computers £	Shinty equipment £	Total £
Cost					
At 1 January 2024	837	7,680	30,930	3,145	42,592
Additions	19,167	-	1,598	-	20,765
At 31 December 2024	20,004	7,680	32,528	3,145	63,357
Depreciation and impairment					
At 1 January 2024	837	7,522	20,599	2,657	31,615
Depreciation charged in the year	192	39	2,828	70	3,129
At 31 December 2024	1,029	7,561	23,427	2,727	34,744
Carrying amount					
At 31 December 2024	18,975	119	9,101	418	28,613
At 31 December 2023	-	158	10,331	488	10,977

5 Debtors

	2024 £	2023 £
Amounts falling due within one year:		
Trade debtors	17,006	62,921
Other debtors	-	5
Prepayments and accrued income	44,250	11,500
	61,256	74,426

6 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2024 £	2023 £
Trade creditors	7,037	25,394
Corporation tax	6,925	6,824
Other taxation and social security	18,008	17,269
Other creditors	2,211	2,741
Accruals and deferred income	152,656	58,936
	186,837	111,164

THE CAMANACHD ASSOCIATION

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

7 Deferred taxation

The following are the major deferred tax liabilities and assets recognised by the company and movements thereon:

	Liabilities 2024 £	Liabilities 2023 £
Balances:		
Accelerated capital allowances	7,153	2,745
Retirement benefit obligations	(192)	(198)
	<u>6,961</u>	<u>2,547</u>
Movements in the year:		2024 £
Liability at 1 January 2024		2,547
Charge to profit or loss		4,414
		<u>6,961</u>

8 Retirement benefit schemes

	2024 £	2023 £
Defined contribution schemes		
Charge to profit or loss in respect of defined contribution schemes	<u>8,586</u>	<u>7,717</u>

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme for all qualifying employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. At the year end the company had outstanding contributions payable of £1,985 (2023 - £2,044).

9 Members' liability

The company is limited by guarantee, not having a share capital. Consequently the liability of members is limited, subject to an undertaking by each member to contribute to the net assets or liabilities of the company on winding up such amounts as may be required not exceeding £1.

THE CAMANACHD ASSOCIATION

DETAILED TRADING AND INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

		2024		2023
	£	£	£	£
Income				
Membership and entry fees		65,577		55,498
Grants		215,775		222,469
Sponsorship/donations		205,216		180,173
Services to club		77,721		80,326
Competition		37,846		47,393
Coach education		1,950		5,020
Sales		6,882		401
Development		104,007		90,924
		714,974		682,204
Cost of sales				
Opening stocks	5,409		210	
Closing stocks	(966)		(5,409)	
Equipment for resale	2,404		5,803	
Services to club	85,935		92,197	
Competition costs	76,559		81,540	
Development	142,203		67,666	
Governance	1,832		2,755	
Coach education	2,730		5,979	
		(316,106)		(250,741)
Gross surplus	55.79%	398,868	63.25%	431,463

THE CAMANACHD ASSOCIATION

DETAILED TRADING AND INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

	£	2024 £	£	2023 £
Administrative expenses				
Staff salaries	328,027		276,344	
Social security costs	-		20,137	
Staff pension costs	8,586		7,717	
Office costs	2,867		2,746	
Hotel, travel and subsidence	36,924		41,393	
Legal and professional fees	1,800		-	
Accountancy fees	4,886		5,038	
Bank charges	1,757		567	
Bad debts	(99)		671	
Discounts received	-		241	
Advertising and promotion	1,123		2,045	
General office expenses	17,247		21,115	
Sundry expenses	432		4,512	
Irrecoverable VAT	17,203		13,606	
Depreciation	3,129		2,436	
Sponsorship expenses	113		56	
		(423,995)		(398,624)
Operating (deficit)/surplus		<u>(25,127)</u>		<u>32,839</u>
